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| **Tenses** | **structure** | **Usage** | **exemples** |
| **Present perfect** | (has/have+past participle).  A-He has spoken  N-He has not spoken  Q-Has he spoken | -It is used with **just** for a recently completed(finished action).  -action happened at an unspecified time befor now.th exact time is nort important. we can use the present perfect with expressions like (once,many times ,several times befor)  -we often use the present perfect to say that an action wich we expected has not happened.using the present perfect suggests that we are still waiting for the action.  -It is used with(lately,recently,so far )to indicate an incomplete period of time .it means at any time during the last week/month  -we often use the present perfect to list accomplishments of individuals and humanity .you cannot mention a specific time.  -Past actions with results in the present.  -Life experience.  -To show that something started in the past and has continuedup until now.  With for +a period of time and since +a point in time. | -**Ihave just heard** the news.  -she **has called several times.**  -James **has not finished** his homework yet.  -He **has had** a lot of bad luck recently.  -Man **has walked** on the moon.  -They **have bought** a new car.  -She **is travelled** to many parts of the world.  -He **is lived** in san Francisco **for** 10 years. |
| **Past perfect** | (Had+past participle)  A-He had spoken  N-He had not spoken  Q-Had he spoken | -Express the idea that something occurred.  Befor another action in the past .it can also show that something happened befor a specific time in the past.  -**common past perfect time** expressions **includ**  **-**To show that something started in the past and continued up until another action in the past .  -Just is used with the past perfect to refer to an event that was only a short time earlier than before now. | -I **had** never **seen** such a beautiful beach **befor** I went to Hawaii.  -When,after,before,as soon as,until.  -We **had had** that car for ten years before it broke down.  -The train **had just left** when I arrived at the station |
| **Present continuous** | (Am/is/are+verbe(stem)+ing  A-He is speakin  N-He is not speaking  Q-is he speaking | -Thing that are happening now, at t his moment  -Action happening bout this time but not necessarily at the moment of speaking.  Definite arrangement in in the near Future.  With always ,forever ,constantly,to describe and exphasize a continuing series of repeated actions. | -She **is reqding** in the gqrden noz.  -She **is studying** hard for her final exam  -We **are having** a party this evening  -Harry and sally **are always arguing.** |
| **Past continuous** | (Was/were+v+ing)  A-He was speaking  N-He was not speaking  Q-was hespeaking | -Two past actions which were happening at the same time.  -Temporary situation that existed at or around particular time in the past.  -For a long activity contrasted with a sudden and short one. | -While my mother cooking my father **was reading** a newspaper.  -Mario **was working** in a restaurant when **I was living** in London.  -Dan burned his hand while **he was cooking** dinner. |